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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/523,927	02/07/2005	Hana Stepankova	264288US0PCT	1890
22850 7590 12/21/2007 OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C. 1940 DUKE STREET			EXAMINER	
			NAGUBANDI, LALITHA	
ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314		·	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1621	•
		·		
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			12/21/2007	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

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<del></del> ,		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/523,927	STEPANKOVA ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Lalitha Nagubandi	1621			
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
2a) ☐ 3) ☐	<ol> <li>Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>07 February 2005</u>.</li> <li>This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.</li> <li>Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i>, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.</li> </ol>					
Dispositio	on of Claims					
<ul> <li>4)  Claim(s) 1-12 is/are pending in the application.</li> <li>4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.</li> <li>5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed.</li> <li>6)  Claim(s) 1-12 is/are rejected.</li> <li>7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to.</li> <li>8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.</li> </ul>						
Application	on Papers					
10) T	The specification is objected to by the Examiner The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner	epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority ur	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
<ul> <li>12)  Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a)  All b)  Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1.  Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2.  Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3.  Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>						
2) Notice 3) Inform	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date 7 <sup>th</sup> Feb 2005.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa	te			

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### **Detailed Action**

# Status of the Claims

Claims 1-12 are pending. Claims 1-12, are considered for examination in this office action.

### Specification

The specification has not been checked to the extent necessary to determine the presence of all possible minor errors. Applicant's cooperation is requested in correcting any errors of which applicant may become aware in the specification.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States

Claims 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Ciszewska et al (Journal of Labelled Compounds and Radiopharmaceuticals vol. XXXIX, No. 8 pages 651 - 668).

Applicants' claim a method of production of (-) - (S) -3-[1-(dimethylamino)ethyl]phenyl-N-ethyl-N-methylcarbamate of formula II or of its hydrogentartrate of formula I, comprising, reductive aminating methoxyacetophenone of formula VI to form the compound of formula V which

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is de-alkylated to the racemic amine of formula IV and is further resolved to the compound of formula III. Compound of formula III is reacted with compound of formula VII, as embodied in claim 1.

Ciszewska et al disclose, the instant process from methoxy [14C]acetophenone (please see compound 14, page 655 and follow the sequence of the steps from compound 14 through compound 4) resulting in rivastigmine hydrogentartrate. The instant claim has been rejected based on the fact that the claiming of the instant process is inherently present in the prior art although it is not explicitly taught by using the unlabelled compounds as claimed in the instant application. However, the process has given enough direction on page 654, line 20-22, that using unlabeled system would lead to better yields.

Thus the instant claim is rejected based on the fact that, the claiming of a new use, new function or unknown property which is inherently present in the prior art does not necessarily make the claim patentable. In re Best, 562 F.2d 1252, 1254, 195 USPQ 430,433 (CCPA 1977). In re Crish, 393 F.3d 1253, 1258,73 USPO 2d 1364, 1368 (Fed. Cir. 2004), The court states that "just as the discovery of properties of a known material does not make it novel, the identification and characterization of a prior art material also does not make it novel". Please see MPEP 2112.

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#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ciszewska et al (Journal of Labelled Compounds and Radiopharmaceuticals vol. XXXIX, No. 8 pages 651 - 668) and in view of MacDonald et al (J Chem Soc, 1932, 2513-2519).

Applicants' claim a method of production of (-) – (S) -3-[1-(dimethylamino)ethyl]phenyl-N-ethyl-N-methylcarbamate of formula II or of its hydrogentartrate of formula I, comprising, reductive aminating methoxyacetophenone of formula VI to form the compound of formula V which is de-alkylated to the racemic amine of formula IV and is further resolved to the compound of formula III. Compound of formula III is reacted with compound of formula VII, as embodied in claim 1.

Further, in the dependent claims applicants' claim the resolution of the compound of formula IV by reacting with S (+) camphor 10 sulfonic acid.

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## Determination of the scope and content of prior art

Ciszewska et al teach, the instant process from methoxy

[14C]acetophenone (please see compound 14, page 655 and follow the sequence of the steps from compound 14 through compound 4) resulting in rivastigmine hydrogentartrate.

MacDonald et al teach (see page 2514, lines 17-22 and also see the whole document) the resolution of m-hydroxy phenylethylmethylamine using bromo camphor sulphonic acid.

# Ascertainment of difference between the prior art and the claims

The difference between the prior art and in the instant claims is that Ciszewska et al teach rivastigmine hydrogentartrate containing C-14 labelled compounds, whereas the instant claims embodies unlabelled compounds. Further, the dependent claims use camphor sulfonic acid as the resolving agent to resolve compound of formula IV to compound of formula III.

Camphor sulfonic acids have been used as the resolving agents specifically for the resolution of m-hydroxyphenylethylmethylamine by MacDonald.

#### Finding of prima facie obviousness-rationale and motivation

The examiner contends that it would have been obvious to have used unlabelled carbon compounds in the process of Ciszewska as the process has given enough direction on page 654, line 20-22, that using unlabeled system would lead to

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better yields. Moreover, it would have been obvious to combine the resolution

techniques taught by MacDonald in the process of Ciszewska with a reasonable

expectation of success of resolving the compound of formula IV.

It is a routine practice in the field of synthetic chemistry to alter the nature of the

starting material specifically in the instant case, based on the availability of the isotopic

abundance of the unlabelled organic substrate, cost and stability and an ordinary artisan

would have had a reasonable expectation of success to obtain the instant compounds as

embodied in the instant claims.

Conclusion

No claims are allowed

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from

the examiner should be directed to Lalitha Nagubandi whose telephone number is

571 272 7996.

The examiner can normally be reached on 6.30am to 3.30pm. If attempts to

reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor,

Yvonne, Eyler can be reached on 571 272 0871. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Lalitha Nagubandi Patent Examiner Technology Center 1600

December 17<sup>th</sup>, 2007.

Samuel A Barts

Primary Patent Examiner
Technology Center 1600